

Stage M2 Recherche

Responsable du stage / internship supervisor:

Fabrice BERT et Philippe MENDELS

Tél : 0169155998 Courriel / mail: fabrice.bert@universite-paris-saclay.fr

Nom du Laboratoire / laboratory name:

Etablissement / institution : LPS

Code d'identification : UMR8502

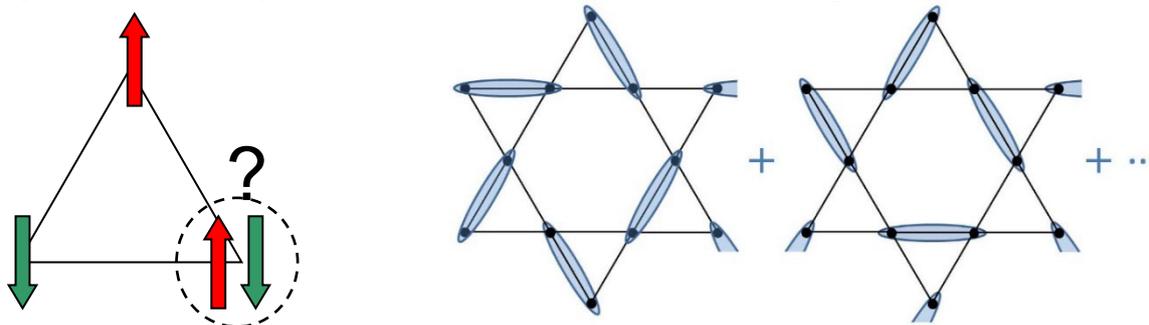
Site Internet / web site: <https://equipes2.lps.u-psud.fr/sqm/>

Adresse / address: Université Paris-Saclay, bat 510, UFR des Sciences, 91400 Orsay

Lieu du stage / internship place: Laboratoire de Physique des Solides

Experimental Study of Quantum Spin Liquids

Quantum spin liquids are novel fascinating states of matter. At variance with conventional ferro- or antiferromagnetic ground states consisting of long range ordered spins, spin liquids are highly entangled disordered states, a signature of the breakdown of the Landau paradigm of phase transitions. Quantum fluctuations are so strong that the semi-classical picture of individual spins relevant for the conventional states, totally collapses. Instead the spins pair up to form singlets. The spin liquid states result from the quantum superposition of these individual singlets to form a macroscopically entangled state. There are many ways to make this superposition and thus many different types of possible quantum spin liquids. Which ones can actually be realized in real materials and how they can be identified are central questions. One common fingerprint of these states is the emergence of unconventional quantum excitations, fractional spinon, emergent photon modes, Majorana fermions...which can be tracked in experiments.



Left: frustration of the antiferromagnetic interactions on a triangular lattice. Right: one possible spin liquid state on the kagome lattice. The ellipses represent singlet states of two paired spins.

Magnetic frustration has been recognized and used for long as a successful mechanism to favor these exotic states for quantum (spin-1/2) antiferromagnets. Several such materials like herbertsmithite or barlowite – initially natural minerals- are now synthesized and investigated worldwide and in our group for their unique magnetic properties. Strongly anisotropic exchange interactions – the so-called Kitaev model – provide a topological alternative to frustration to stabilize a spin liquid ground state.

We propose to investigate such novel spin liquid materials provided by our ANR collaborators or well-established international collaborations, using our state-of-the art NMR setups together with low temperature thermodynamic measurements.

Keywords: quantum magnetism, frustration, correlations, quantum spin liquids, resonance

Skills: Good fit for experiments and good background in solid state physics are welcome.

Ce stage pourra-t-il se prolonger en thèse ? Possibility of a PhD ? : Oui

Si oui, financement de thèse envisagé ou acquis / financial support for the PhD ? EDPIF envisagé